Morning Oregonian.

PORTLAND, OREGON THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 8, 1883.

VOL. XXIII.

THE ELECTIONS.

Returns Generally Confirm the Guesses of Yesterday.

THE KENTUCKY BEATEN—NEW YORK DEMOCRATIC

Democratic Victories in Virginia—Comments of the Press—What Butler has to Say About his Defeat—Etc

In Nebraska.

Nov 7—The campaign in this State was for the Supreme judge. Republicans re- the re-election of Maxwell by from 5,000 to 6,000 majority, a strong probability that Senator Saunders will be elected by a small majority. Returns so far as received give Maxwell 40 for as complete returns are that he is probably elected. The indications are that he is elected by a small majority.

Nov 7—Returns from 150 pre- for supreme judge 21,00 Re- for, rep. for supreme judge 20,00 Re- majority in the state 1,000 to 1,500 Republican majority in Lancaster county 2,000 to 2,500.

In Kansas.

Nov 7—Enough returns from the judicial to make it clear that Martin, dem., is elected by from 15,000 to 18,000 majority.

Nov 7—No additional information of importance has been received to-day. The returns in this state have been very meagre. Returns now to come are those of the railroads and will be some days in coming in. The republican majority in the state will be less than 25,000.

In Dakota

Nov 7—The state executive committee met last night to canvass the returns. The constitution is carried by a good majority. The vote for lieutenant governor is as follows:

In Connecticut.

Nov 7—At midnight returns at the office of the secretary of state, give the next legislature as follows: In the senate 18 republicans 10 democrats 2 house, republicans 187 democrats 87. There is one tie and eighteen lacking, including 16 representatives.

In New Jersey.

Nov 7—The Times this morning estimates Republican majority at 4,000, and says this is on the basis of the vote in the legislature. On joint ballot the republicans will have three majority in both branches.

Nov 7—Latest election returns give Abbott's majority 3,000. The senate will stand 12 republicans to 9 democrats. The democrats will have 39 on joint ballot of 61.

Nov 7—The Times computes Abbott's majority at 4,000.

In Massachusetts.

Nov 7—Three hundred and thirty three towns and cities, with 13 to hear from give Robinson 84,986, Butler 149,371, Almy 1649, Arnold 21 scattering 2. Robinson's plurality 58852. The re- votes exceed that for Hands five per cent in Democratic and one in doubt. The senate stands Republicans 31 democrats 9. Of 29 districts to be heard from, the house 113 republicans to 83 democrats, with four districts to hear from.

Nov 7—Returns give the republicans 139 democrats 100 and 1 independent with six districts to hear from. Robinson's total vote is 194,384, Butler's 150,915. Four towns are to hear from. The total vote for lieutenant governor is 345,299, giving Robinson 172,650 and Butler 172,649 plurality.

THE "POST'S" COMMENTS

The Post says Butler has led the democrats of his State into trouble, but they can help them out of it, and they are manly enough and lamenting enough to help themselves. They were never in such a fix as this year. They have longed for one more chance to win, and will repay for the sacrifice of Butlerism our resignation in pure and unadulterated democracy. It runs the boat of the democratic party. The victory opens up brilliant possibilities for next year. It also imposes in return responsibilities which can be met only by the most faithful and loyal work. The work done at the polls yesterday in New York Massachusetts Connecticut and Pennsylvania makes it clear that something besides the negro question is the rascals out will be required as the working capital of the democratic party.

THE TRIBUNE.

The Tribune says Lastly we showed what a more administrative candidate could do in New York this year as wise, under non adverse circumstances what candidates simply republican can do with no factions to appease unity of effort need and candidates acceptable. New York may clearly be made a republican state in the presidential contest. Since last election, even the most sanguine republicans have expected to carry New York. Within a week or two the state committee grew more hopeful but the sponsors of the democratic party were not apparent. The party had been badly disorganized or demoralized by its quarrels, and at the state committee it had its stumbling, and at the state committee it was evidently constituted the caucus was in the last degree apathetic there were no meetings no appeals for documents. There was next to no speaking before the campaign. Now of the contested seats of Ohio a reduction of the democratic majority from 20,000 to 15,000 would be in itself a victory. We have possibly elected the head of the senate is certainly republican. The senate is certainly republican. The legislative branch of state government is in democratic hands and the power for republican to democrats. The total vote for the state Ticket by nearly 4000 Low's majority is 1686.

THE TIMES' SUMMARY

New York Nov 7—Times' Full returns from Massachusetts give Robinson a majority of 58,067 over Butler while Ames has 14,000 for lieutenant governor. Abbott is elected governor of New Jersey by 7500 majority and the democrats control the legislature by a majority on joint ballot of 22. Republicans in New York have obtained 18 senators and 70 assembly. The senate stands 18 democrats to 14 republicans, with the democrats to hear from, but probably the house of delegates will be democratic probably 20 or more

LATEST ELECTION RETURNS.

Massachusetts

New York Nov 7—General Butler has refused to be voted for as an independent candidate for governor, which he accepted conspicuously at the polls. Butler's defeat is unexpected. Returns are complete with the exception of one town, a total vote is 150,181 Butler 150,024 Robinson over Butler 10,067.

New York Nov 7—Special]—The entire vote in the legislature will be 21 districts to hear from 39 republicans to 39 democrats.

Connecticut.

Hartford Nov 7—Connecticut stands 11 republican senators and 7 democratic senator. The senate stands 15 republicans and 6 democrats. The house will be 101 republicans to 99 democrats. Nine towns to hear from which have severally divided stands 146 republicans to 143 democrats and one tie. The republicans are elected by a majority of 55.

New York.

New York Nov 7—Special]—Returns come in slowly, leaving the state ticket still in doubt. The senate will have 19 republicans to 13 democrats. Nine changes are made in some districts by returns. Low's majority in Brooklyn is now 1,000.

New York Nov 7—Special]—Low's election is conceded by the Sun. The Brooklyn Eagle extra estimates it at 1,000. The state ticket is yet in doubt. The Times, closely accurate in returns, claims to be sure that the republicans have the senate.

New York Nov 7—The Tribune estimates Carr's majority at over 10,000 and says the other republican tickets apparently look to it from the election. It says the senate stands 19 republicans, and the house 72 republicans to 56 democrats.

New York Nov 7—The Times estimates that the republicans have 19 senators and 70 assembly.

New Jersey.

NEWARK Nov 7—Special]—Abbott's majority in Newark is 2,000. The legislature stands democratic majority on joint ballot 22.

Pennsylvania

PHILADELPHIA Nov 7—Official reports and returns received from a number of counties make no material change in the Sunday night's figures. Beaver gives Hayes 1,000 majority. Lancaster gives Hayes 3,000 majority. Official returns from all counties will not be for several days.

Maryland.

BALTIMORE Nov 7—Latest returns show that Mc. Lean's majority in the state will be 15,000. The latest returns make the democrats gain 4 and republicans 1 in the senate, and 10 democrats and 3 republicans and the house if the gains and losses remain the same will give a democratic majority of 1 on joint ballot.

Virginia.

RICHMOND Nov 7—Special]—Mahone's organ concedes the senate and house to the democrats by a small majority and possibly they may have two thirds in both branches. The popular majority of the democrats it says will be over 1,000.

RICHMOND Nov 7—The state returns show the democratic majority in the house of representatives will be reduced from 50 to 35. The democratic majority in the senate, and probably in the house, will be increased. Returns from other counties in this state have been received which make the majority for Sheriff is probably elected by a small majority, and the democratic registrars by a majority.

In Minnesota.

ST. PAUL Nov 7—The republicans elected their entire ticket, except sheriff and register of deeds, ranging from 150 to 350. The democratic majority for Sheriff is probably elected by 100 to 150. The democratic majority for register of deeds is probably 100. The democrats expect a majority in the senate, and probably in the house. The republicans claim the senate and house by good majorities. The democrats claim the senate by one or two. Neither party will control the house by a small majority either by one or two. Neither party will control the senate by one or two. Neither party has yet received information enough from these precincts to make a positive statement.

MINNEAPOLIS Nov 7—News up to midnight shows democratic gains from every quarter which indicate the election of the democratic ticket by a large majority. The democrats have carried the city council and house by good majorities. The democrats have carried the county by 1,000 majority. Returns from 7 districts at 12:30 this afternoon show democratic gains of 16, which insures a majority of 1,000 in the house, with a good prospect of increasing it to 6 or 8

The Daily Oregonian.

THURSDAY MORNING, NOV 8 1883

THE POLITICAL OUTLOOK

The most noticeable feature in the last elections has been the absence of national issues This in many respects has been a fortunate thing. It has been our custom to expend far more interest and energy upon general elections than upon local, and as a result local affairs have suffered While attention has been concentrated upon national issues bad men have gained control of the local and municipal offices, and jobs have been done in legislatures It has been often a source of surprise to European observers that so much interest should be absorbed by national elections while the voters are really more affected by the manner in which local affairs are administered In these recent elections the tariff has been talked about, but the parties differ almost as much among themselves as with each other upon it In Iowa and Ohio the exciting cry to it was upon the regulation of the liquor traffic, while the sharpest campaigns were in Massachusetts and Maryland, with the issues of Butlerism in the one case and ringism in the other, and more personal domination in both. The issues which will divide the states in the presidential contest are not yet clearly defined, but there is no reason to assume that they will be identical with those upon which the people have just passed judgment. It seems that in Ohio there was a sufficiently large number in favor of a prohibitory amendment to frighten a certain section of voters, usually republican, into the ranks of the democracy. That is about all that remains of obvious significance in the contest, and the fact that while the second amendment received 329,000 out of 711,000 votes, the prohibition candidate received only 5000, shows where the amendment derived its support. There may be a permanent division in the state on the liquor question, but that would lead to an entire readjustment of the framework of party opinion Assuming, therefore, that the present parties will remain in the field, nothing of national significance was decided in October The same may be said, though with different reasons, of Iowa. In New York and Pennsylvania only local minor state officers and legislators were voted for and the campaigns were remarkable chiefly for dullness. The idea, however, that New York is hopelessly democratic rests upon a misapprehension. In 1882 the democrats made the best possible showing, while the republicans in 1880 simply polled their full strength without the advantage of any disaffections in the ranks of the democracy. This much everybody will admit, and the admission really covers the whole case, for the republican vote in 1880 was 20,000 more than the democratic vote in 1882, or, to be exact, the Garfield vote was 555 418, the Cleveland vote, 535,956 It is only necessary to harmonize the republican party and infuse into it the enthusiasm of a national campaign to insure a republican victory

It is too early to make confident predictions of the event of the presidential struggle of 1884 A great many things will intervene A session of the Democratic congress will have been held before that date, and there will be abundant opportunities for mistakes. A halting tariff policy will alienate the support of revenue reformers who would be democrats if democracy should be found to mean sound economic policy and determined leadership, and might change entirely the present prospects of a great party. Civil service reform, too, is to be put in practice, and the sincerity of those in power tested and judged by their performances. There is no prospect that either party will have a walk-over to the White house, but the advantage must be conceded to the republicans

THE PENSION ROBBERS.

Colonel Corkhill, the district attorney of Washington, has made a careful examination of the complaints that veteran soldiers and poor widows of brave men who fell in the late war have been systematically robbed by pension agents, and says: "The character of the enormous frauds which are being perpetrated will, if the allegations are sustained by the evidence, surprise the public. The devices employed are as numerous as the skill of dishonest men can contrive." The Washington correspondent of the Boston *Post* explains some of the devices alluded to, in an interesting dispatch to that paper. Some of these agents have great establishments and employ more clerks than some government bureaus, and receive many hundreds, sometimes thousands, of letters every day. They have from 50,000 to 100,000 names of old soldiers, widows and orphans on their rolls To these people they send lying circulars announcing the passage of a bill that will increase a pension already received, or give an original right to one, when in fact no such bill has been passed, or they pretend to the discovery of a new claim under an old law. One firm has been known to send out a circular announcing that desertion has been discovered to be no bar to a pension. Another firm paid $1000 for an advance copy of the recently published list of pensioners. These circulars are sometimes sent to poor widows, who are robbed of money they can ill afford to lose. Generally the circulars say that for twenty five or fifty cents or one dollar the claim will be filed, and great sums are collected in this way. Then again, unimportant papers are sent C. O. D., and S. O. is wrung from a poor victim Offers are made to secure special legislation, and money is obtained for efforts that are never made.

The fact that Colonel Corkhill has noticed these complaints is regarded by the New York *Times* as evidence that he has learned something about his duty as district attorney in the last two or three years. When the star route frauds were first brought to his attention, and the criminals had, before him, instead of prosecuting it to the grand jury, he communicated it to the leader of the conspirators against whom the charges had been made. It is probable, too, *The Times* thinks, that he has frequently rejected his failure to proceed against those rascals; and it gives him credit for his zeal in trying to punish the pension swindlers. Already Secretary Teller has suspended a large number of these agents at the recommendation of Commissioner Dudley, among others the notorious firm of Fitzgerald & Co., one member of, which made a personal assault upon General Boynton, the correspondent of the *Commercial-Gazette*, last August. It is the desire of the department of justice that all persons who have received circulars from persons styling themselves pension agents shall forward them to the office of the attorney general. In this way evidence can be accumulated that will eventually lead to the punishment of the perpetrators of one of the wickedest and most far-reaching swindles of the day.

The state of Illinois does not seem to be much better off than Oregon. President Tanner of Illinois college, who wishes for monetary contributions from the east, says that ten years ago the land of Illinois was mortgaged for half its value. He is probably within the mark, but he declares that it will take ten years more to pay off the mortgages, not in cities, but of the farms. This is not as flattering an exhibit as we would have expected from the state which has had the possession of such fertile and and the benefit of such extraordinary facilities of getting to market, to say nothing of the immense amount of money which has been expended by eastern capitalists in constructing her railroads. The state, says President Tanner, is doing business on borrowed capital. If so, she had better make the best of her schools, and leave colleges until she can support them.

The republican party doubtless "must go" —some time; but the elections of Tuesday suggest the possibility that the event may again be postponed, notwithstanding our democratic brethren have thought it so near.

RAILROAD MANAGEMENT AT LONG BEACH.

Noting the resignation of General Haupt and the assumption of the working management of the Northern Pacific by Mr Oakes the Minneapolis *Tribune* speaks very intelligently and sensibly A revolution, it says, so radical as that now going into effect in the management of the road, has a meaning and that it means that the affairs of this great company have hitherto been managed too much at arms length from Wall street and not enough at close quarters by officials of high rank having their headquarters on the line of the road and in the field tributary to its traffic The same fault existed under the original organization and it cursed the enterprise then as it has cursed it under every management since No matter how competent and faithful such officials may be, subordinates removed 1500 miles from their superiors, and compelled to make explanations and ask instructions before any important action can be taken cannot but feel the pressure of faults of a great transportation system with half the efficiency of economy that would be possible were those superiors on the ground at hand enough to be easily and instantly accosted. Every great railway system in the United States which has been noted for aggressive success has had this prime advantage of being managed by its chief owners or the immediate representatives of its chief owners, who have made their home at some central point of the system and dealt with all problems as they rose promptly and conclusively Noteworthy and representative examples are the Central Pacific system, the New York Central, the Pennsylvania, the Baltimore and Ohio, the Minneapolis and Manitoba and the Chicago Milwaukee and St. Paul General Grant did not conquer the rebellion with his headquarters in Washington, Sheridan did not achieve his Shenandoah triumphs by sending slow-coach orders from Harper's Ferry to the front and Sherman did not march his army to the sea by directing the movement from Louisville. The disadvantages of operating the Northern Pacific "at arms length" have been apparent at this end of the line, a conspicuous instance being the banking up and delay of the grand excursion at the Snake river crossing The time table for the excursion trains was arranged in New York quite evidently without proper knowledge of the working conditions of the line Two hours were allowed by schedule for the transfer at Ainsworth, but it actually took thirteen to get across. And such incidents have been frequent M Oakes has all requirements for the great work of management and it is to be hoped that he will continue to hold it in his own hands

GERMAN RESTRICTION

Bismarck's bill, designed to check emigration from Germany to America, is a very adroit measure, and, as it will be agreeable to many interests, it will probably pass the Reichstag. The law in substance is that no person shall be permitted to leave the fatherland without having first fulfilled all his obligations If he owes debts there, he cannot leave until his debts are paid If he has a wife and children he must take them with him If he has a sweetheart, with whom he has been too intimate he must provide the community against the charge of illegitimate children, and finally if he has not served the allotted time in the army, to which every German citizen is subject he cannot leave the country These regulations are so stringent that no German can hereafter emigrate without a passport duly obtained from the German government The desire to keep the able bodied Germans at home for the army is undoubtedly the motive of the new law But Bismarck has ingeniously added many obligations about debts and children, which will render it more acceptable to the German nation It is that the effect of the law will be to reduce the volume of emigration to the United States at least fifty per cent This we do not believe will be an evil, even admitting the claim that the German is the best element of our European immigration We do not want to receive more foreigners than we can assimilate, and it will probably be well to have them in smaller installments for a few years

If General Butler had been re-elected he would have been, as we have said, a formidable candidate for the nomination of the democratic party for president. It is probable now that he will be in the field, for he recently said in Washington that whether he is the democratic nominee or not, the independent labor party will certainly run an electoral ticket in 1884, and it was not necessary for him to add that only Butler will be their candidate As more of the voters of this new party will be drawn from the democratic ranks than from republican, there are wise politicians who see in this the probable chance of republican success Lincoln was the choice of the minority of the country, but elected through the divisions of his opponents. In a total vote of 4,679,881 Lincoln received only 1,865,913, less than half a million more than Douglass and yet he had 180 of the 303 electoral votes, while Douglass had only 12, less than either Breckenridge or Bell, although his popular vote was nearly equal to that of both these candidates. In the last election Garfield had only a plurality of 3334 The coming contest will be very close, and with Butler in the field, as we regard it as certain that he will be the chances for republican success will be greatly increased. The democrats in using him to humiliate Massachusetts, may find that they have hatched a nice lot of chickens that another year will come home to roost. The Boston *Post* admits that he can still make trouble in the democratic family but it says he cannot enter upon his cherished scheme of Tammanizing the country with the prestige of Massachusetts behind him

The doctrine of Henry George's book, that there is no rightful property in land, and that the products of labor form the only natural basis of property, is rapidly spreading among the lower classes of Europe, and gaining ground also in this country An organization based on this theory, and calling itself the American Free Soil Society, was formed in New York in June, with Louis F. Post, candidate for attorney general of the state, as president, Charles Frederick Adams as secretary and Rev. R Heber Newton as treasurer. Now there are ten groups or subordinate associations in New York city, eight in Brooklyn, four in Chicago, and the society is represented in twenty-three states and territories It is diligently spreading its doctrines by means of circulars and will not only seek to influence legislation in the various states, but will propose to the next congress a constitutional amendment forbidding either general or state governments to further alienate lands save with the reservation of the current ground rent We have been preserved from many of the social and political questions that agitate Europe because of our government domain As that becomes exhausted and our population increases we shall be compelled to meet these questions, and it will require something more than mere smartness to meet them successfully

Kansas calls attention to the fact that the supreme court decision regarding the civil rights act does not affect her, inasmuch as she passed a civil rights law for herself before congress took up the question This law provides that the making of, any distinction because of race or color, by the officers of schools the managers of hotels boarding houses and transportation companies, shall be treated as a misdemeanor, punishable by a fine of from $10 to $1000 while the injured party may also sue for damages Other states have provisions in their bills of rights, or in statute laws similar to this, and it is probable that the negroes will insist upon a pledge from the party to which they give their support in the southern states, to work for the passage of such laws

The verdict last year was that "the bosses must go." This year emphasizes that verdict, and adds to it, "the saloons must go"

A RUINOUS SYSTEM

Oregon is not the only country which suffers from the credit system. The loss journals of the southern states are raising their voices against it declaring it to be now, as before the war, an evil and a curse It is true that much of the poverty of the south is attributable to the commonness of the credit system in the dealings of tillers of the soil with tradesmen Not only the blacks, but also the whites are impoverished by the exactions of those from whom they receive credit It is estimated that nearly one fifth of the value of the cotton crop or more than $30 000 000, was sacrificed by those engaged in its production through the credit system A part of the sacrifice was made in the payment of interest on loans and a part in the pay out of the difference between cash and credit prices for goods The credit system as practiced at the south is perhaps the greatest obstacle to the prosperity of the people Every one knows that credit is an admirable modern commercial but it is not a thing unalloyed to any man as the south is driven on anywhere else in a dealing with the butcher the grocer or the clothier It is estimated that the savings of the French people are about $600 000 000 a year or nearly five times as much as the savings of the British and hence the difference is explained by the habits of economy and industry which are characteristic of the French

The defeat of Jefferson Davis, although I see a cause for rejoicing a thoughtful mind can the overthrow of Ben Butler in Massachusetts, is still very grateful Mahone is a bold unscrupulous and selfish man His party is himself When he first broke with the Bourbons it seemed as if some good might result through the disintegration of the solid south which has break foreshadowed but this was not the result and his influence has been only demoralizing and corrupting in Washington and in his own state He was of course pleased only so long as he was in possession of a power which he used like a tyrant. He was a martinet in the Confederate army, an exceedingly hard manager of men while at the head of a railroad and the reports even indicate that he instigated the riot at Danville to strengthen his desperate canvass His defeat will remove one demoralizing force from the republican national convention (He will have no standing anywhere, for he has utterly forfeited his claim to be a democrat and if in his retirement, he could take George C Gorham with him, decency in politics would score a still greater victory

The supreme court of the state of Minnesota has recently given a decision which is interesting to persons living on the line of a railroad Although not essential to an understanding of the case it is worth noticing that the law of Minnesota presumes negligence in the running of an engine when fire is caused by escaping sparks The case was this Sparks from an engine of a railroad set fire to the barn of N the wind carried the flames to the barn of J, which was also burned J sued the railroad company, which pleaded negligence in N The court said "The fault of N was not in anything he did or neglected to do after the fire was thrown from the engine but in this, that he disregarded his duty to his neighbors by having his property in such a condition that fire would be readily communicated to their property Either one of the wrong doers is responsible, and the concurrent negligence of the other would be no defense The defendant was negligent and must pay the judgment

Returns from all but one of the towns in Massachusetts give Robinson 160 151 Butler 150 073 Abbe 1550 total of 311 794 This is the largest vote ever cast in the state It is said that Butler's defeat is due to the fact that the usually indifferent element the gent class who attach less consequence to the ballot than the typical Irish voter does, went to the polls this year The larges vote ever cast in the state before was 282,512 in the presidential election of 1880 Last year the total vote was 276 276 of which Butler received 143,846 and a plurality of 13 946 The great increase over his vote last year just fixes the confidence felt in this election, as well as the apprehensions of many republicans The prohibitionists it will be noticed cast a very small vote only 1553 against 9131 in 1875, and 2141 last year

In 1881 General Haupt made a five years contract to act as general manager of the Northern Pacific road, at $ 8 000 a year It is said he will claim the salary for the remainder of the time.

FOR HER MOTHER'S SAKE

Canadians Heave a Sigh of Relief at the Departure of Louise

MONTREAL, Oct 22 —When Princess Louise arrived in Canada society was as nearly wild as society can well be, and now that her royal Highness is going home to her royal mamma so tony is wild again In the interim society managed to keep its head tolerably level, as the prince has not been in Canada a month before it became apparent that she had none of the cordiality that was so distinguishing a characteristic of the countess of Dufferin her predecessor at the viceregal residence at Ottawa and none of the winning qualities that made that lady so dear to the hearts and homes of Canada.

Her royal highness affected art and displayed to wondering eyes many dainty duds that native artists praised without stint Her royal highness was a worshipper at the shrine of the god of esthetism and patronized such jerry repetition of the great too too as would astonish backwoods Her royal highness was also a patron of literature, and smiled graciously upon all small "literary lights" but as this people are intensely practical, with no nonsense about here working away like beavers to build up a prosperous dominion, they did not take kindly to her royal highness, and her circle of friends was so limited that no one was surprised when the child of royalty began to cry for her mamma

That the Princess has been discontented over her banishment from the royal halls at Windsor to the little backwoods home of Canada has never been a secret and Canadians in the goodness of their hearts have tried to divert her mind by superb entertainments and presents In the latter line her mother's sake They thought but in knowing her they were honoring her royal mother But her discontent increased to such a degree that her easy little husband determined to take her to Old England Our newspaper paragraphers and society editors will miss her very much &c, too, will the families of half a dozen of our ginger bread nob as but the great mass of the people will not miss her Nevertheless, bon voyage

Bathing in Salt Lake

Harper's Magazine.

In the water of Salt lake a bather can lie on the surface of the water without any motion whatever, or by passing a towel under his knees and holding the two ends he can remain in any depth of water kneeling, with the head and shoulders out of water, or by shifting it under the soles of the feet he can sit on the water The one exertion in fact, is to keep one's balance none whatever is required to keep afloat The only danger, therefore arises from choking by accidentally swallowing some of the water for the strength of the brine is so intense that the muscles of the throat are contracted and strangulation ensues All the same, I have myself dived several times into Salt lake and have survived

NEW RICHMOND, Miss Jan 2 1880.
I wish to say to all who I have been suffering for the last five years with a severe kidney ail ment, I have heard of Hop Bitters and have tried it I have used up four bottles and it has done me more good than all the doctors and medicines that they could give me with me I am old and poor I do not feel able to buy your bitters but for your medicine and the many doctors bills I have had Please send me one bottle of your medicine, my wife is well, clean and smooth as ever.
HENRY KNOCHE.

A Decided Advantage

Pittsburg Dispatch

General W S Hancock is now engaged in a violent quarrel with two men, both of whom are dead It might be supposed that he would have the advantage in such a controversy but, so far, the dead men seem to have the best of it, owing to the fact that they both keep silent

It is not necessary to enter into particulars of reference to the complicated organic and functional difficulties to which the peculiar diseases of American women are subject but we take pleasure in saying that Mrs. Lydia E Pinkham's Great Remedy for all these troubles has an unbounded popularity

The Meat Age

Public Ledger

Ethnologists and anthropologists tell us there have been three distinct eras in the earthly history of man There are the "stone age" the "bronze age and the "iron age" Now they are being succeeded by the steel age" which some people spell "steel"

A specific, and the only one too for *all forms* and types of skin disease, is known the world over as Dr Benson's Skin Cure It is not a patent medicine, but a reliable, certain remedy Druggists

It is somewhat noteworthy that, while the aggregate vote for governor in Ohio was 718 164, there were, as the official count shows, only eleven scattering votes, all the rest being given to the four regularly nominated candidates

INDELL COUNTY, N C —The ex sheriff, Mr W P Wesson, says "Brown's Iron Bitters has so proved my digestion and general health."

SUPREME COURT

SALEM Nov 7

State of Oregon vs John Justus—The judgment of the circuit court is reversed and a new trial ordered

SYLLABUS

Unless a statute which provides that one person other than the district attorney can be allowed to be present during the sitting of the grand jury, it is unjust per with such authorized by the district attorney for a stranger to be present during the sittings of the grand jury for the purpose of aiding them in the examination of witnesses but such person surely after trial and verdict and without any suggestion of injustice or unfairness to the prisoner, is not a sufficient ground for a reversal

Experiments made upon paste boards with a gun with which the deceased was killed by a person as a witness to show powder burns for the purpose of establishing by inference, that the deceased came to his death from the result of a near gunshot wound *Held* inadmissible

Where to kill, is a question of fact proof, and the fact is to see whether the law has been complied with is a question of law, and it is not left to the jury to say whether the law is right or wrong

Expert testimony upon questions of fact is admissible when the subject of inquiry is one of science, art or trade, or is one with which persons of skill and experience only are conversant

Opinion evidence is not admissible upon matters of common knowledge, which are within the reach of the comprehension of men of ordinary education and intelligence, who are capable of observing the facts in issue

Reversed

MEETING NOTICE.

Willamette Lodge No 8 A F & A M will meet at the Masonic hall this Thursday evening at 7 30 o'clock

FUNERAL NOTICE

The friends and acquaintances of Mrs Catherine Connell and of Mr and Mrs Patrick Connell are respectfully invited to attend the funeral of the former from the residence of the latter on Couch street this afternoon at 2 o'clock

P. S. SKINNER & CO Undertakers

BORN

At Baker City Or November 3 to the wife of Chas Knox a son

MARRIED

In this city November 7 by the Rev Geo Hunter Rev J Moreland, Mr William J Woodward and Miss Belle Baldwin both of this city

At the residence of the bride's parents in Portland on November 7 by the Rev Dr Atkinson Mr Frederick Conner and Miss Sarah Prince both natives of Cornwall England

DIED

At Lone Pine W T Oct 6 infant son of John C and Ida Cooke aged 1 day 5 months and 10 days Albany papers please copy

S. H. Schwab & Bro . Artistic Printers, 12 Front

NEW TO-DAY.

ENGRAVING on WOOD or METAL AT THE West Shore office 122 Front st 9on

WANTED—GORDON PRESS HAND APPLY to McCOY the printer 8nd

LODGING HOUSE of 8 BEDS IN ATHENA TO Let Apply at 348 FOOTE Railroad street 8nd

NICELY FURNISHED FRONT ROOM TO LET quire at No 187 West Park cor Yamhill 7nd

FOR RENT—ROOM SUITABLE FOR OFFICE ce Apply to F MART N & CO 128 Front a City 8nd

WANTED—AT THE PACIFIC HOTEL NEAR Weidler a small one dollar room girl and one for sewing 8nd

FOR RENT—VERY DESIRABLE FURNISHE house, will let to a small family only Address Box 67 City 8nd

TWO LARGE UNFURNISHED ROOM WITH BOARD suitable for gentleman and wife 168 Taylor street corner East Park 8nd

WANTED—A LADY WISHES A POSITION AS housekeeper in a gentleman's family can furnish her own machine Address or call C M A 149 Fifth street 8nd

SALESMAN WITH EXPERIENCE WANTS A position in a big city or cigar house best of references Address stating wages, E M CARLTON Yamhill county Oregon 6nd

WANTED—A YOUNG LADY IF LADY OF COLOR wants a situation to take care of a baby or do light work wages not so much of an object as a home Address "N A D," this office 8nd

A BONA MOVING NOTICE—A MEETING OF property owners in Russell st addition will be held at the office of Hill & Coleman at 2 P M sharp Saturday the 10th inst 8nd

BARGAINS THIS DAY IN BOOKS FOR THE City Boy goods store 127 Third st.

FOR RENT—DESIRABLE DESK ROOM AT 82 First st

ROLLER SKATING THIS AFTERNOON AND evening at the Pavilion 6nd

FOR RENT—A VERY DESIRABLE SUITE OF rooms with board references required 707

WANTED—TWO SCREW PLANERS TO WORK in a country saw mill will pay best wages to good men to become permanent men will locate at the mill Apply at room 45 Ladd block, 82 Second st, hours of call 10 A M 3d

"MONEY SAVED—MONEY MADE."
BY PORTLAND PIANO HOUSE
Parcel Delivery Co Handling trunks and valises a specialty, at much reduced prices. Don't fail to leave your orders at their office No 35 Stark st or by telephone No 100 6nd

CORN-FED, SUGAR-CURED
Side Bacon and Shoulders,
For Sale in lots to suit by
F. H. PAGE, 189 Front street. 2nd

SPECIAL AUCTION SALE
THIS DAY
At salesroom No. 42 First st, at 10 A. M
BOOKS! (Miscellaneous) BOOKS!
ALSO
Overcoats Pants Coats Whitebreast Rifle Wagon Baskets also Rockers, Men's Wear Hats, etc.
Parcels Cases Boxes
GILMAN & CO., Auctioneers.

C. P. & S. P. R. R.
FOR THE EAST!
VIA SAN FRANCISCO.
Tickets from Portland same rates as from San Francisco

Ticket Office No. 4 Washington st.,
PORTLAND - - - - OREGON.

O. R. & N. CO. ..... P. C. S. S. CO.
Steamer "Santa Cruz"
— WILL —
SAIL FROM SAN FRANCISCO,
— ON —
SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 10.
Carrying Combustibles.
A. L. STOKES,
Assistant Superintendent Trans.

WANTS.

$500—PARTNER WANTED IN A GOOD saloon restaurant city WALCH & CO Stark

WANTED—A COUNTED SUITABLE FOR A broker's office Address Banker this office 7nd

WANTED—FURNISHED ROOMS AND BOARD for gentleman and wife In private family Reference exchanged Address G B A this office 8nd

FURNISHED ROOM OR SUITE OF ROOMS with board in a private family wanted by young gentleman and wife state terms location etc Address W this office 7nd

WANTED—BY AN EXPERIENCED MUSICIAN position to play first-class in theatre and rehearse any night in San Francisco A private room in exchange for music lessons Address PROFESSOR MUSICIANS box 1 Bulletin office 8nd

PERSONAL WOMEN'S COMMISSION HOUSE and employment agency for women only Corner Fifth and Stark sts

WANTED—EMPLOYMENT.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG LADY HOUSEWORK Inquire at 128 Second st 8nd

A JOB COMPOSITOR WISHES EMPLOYMENT with some printing office in Oregon the Portland Typographical Union Book of good standing Address P O box 1 Woodburn Or 8nd

WANTED—SITUATION BY A WOMAN AS nurse Apply at 136 Sixth st bet Stark and Washington 8nd

A BOOKKEEPER OF SOME EVENINGS AT liberty wishes to engage with a few more Address "Bookkeeper" this office 8nd

CHINESE EMPLOYMENT OFFICE 120 FIRST st bet Oak and Pine Chinese servants furnished on short notice Orders solicited 8nd

HELP WANTED.

A FEMALE TO ASSIST IN WASHING clothes at 311 Madison st

BARBER WANTED—ST COUPER & E Theriot Occidental hotel building Seventh st 8nd

GIRL WANTED FOR GENERAL HOUSE work Apply at 268 South st bet Taylor and Salmon

WANTED SMART BOY AT NO 208 FRONT st J K WAGNER & CO 6nd

WANTED A COMPETENT NURSE GIRL for family of two children at 317 Yamhill st

WANTED A GIRL TO DO GENERAL HOUSE work in a small family No 88 Sixth st near Main 8nd

WANTED—TWO GOOD CANVASSERS FOR a new publication Apply at 205 Front st between Ankeny and Burnside 8nd

WANTED—BY A GOOD GIRL A SITUATION for light housework Inquire at 128 Second st between Ankeny and Burnside 8nd

AGENTS WANTED.

AGENTS WANTED—TO TRAVEL ON ROAD to sell our goods to dealers Permanent employment Address with stamp, Standard Silver Co Bridgeport Conn 8nd

AGENTS WANTED EVERY WHERE ON THIS coast for our new illustrated cooking book Address A. BANCROFT & CO San Francisco Cal 8nd

WANTED IMMEDIATELY—ACTIVE WIDE-awake smart man and woman to canvass for a rapid selling books Call or send address at once A L BANCROFT & CO San Francisco Cal 8nd

Piano Agency, Union Block.

Piano's Business Agency, ROOM 11.
Piano's Inventor's Agency, FIRST ST
Piano's Collection Agency, COR. WASH.
Piano's Employment Agency, P. O. BOX 909.
OFFICE HOURS—12 to 4 and 6 to 7 P M

WANTS.

$500—GROCERY STORE HOUSE AND lot with good fixtures and stock that will invoice $800 WELCH & CO Stark st 7nd

$700—LODGING HOUSE 8 ROOMS WELL furnished corner city property WELCH & CO Stark st 7nd

$550—LODGING HOUSE 9 ROOMS ALL furnished WELCH & CO Stark st 7nd

A BARGAIN—A GENERAL STOCK OF MERchandise in the country for cash or will exchange but little capital required for an investment Call at once this will not last long For further particulars address box 69 City 6nd

WANTED—TO SHEEP MEN FOR SHEEP, Notice is hereby given that I desire to purchase sheep imported from New Zealand for the Portland and Yellowstone Park market First class sheep only will be taken Address P O box 1 Woodburn Or 8nd

WANTED—A GOOD TIMBER INVESTMENT IN A business adjoin a good paying business Address box 2 82 Salem W T Reference required 2nd

FOR SALE—SHIP MOUNT WASHINGTON, having just arrived from Liverpool will dispose of for 12 months or for the season Apply to Sage Main & Co Agents Now discharging a railroad material for Portland Lot of timber on hand for sale Apply to Sage Main & Co Agents 6nd

WANTED—A PARTNER WITH $1000 TO $1500 to engage in the manufacture of a patent article Address box 1 Bulletin office 6nd

A BARGAIN—FINE OPENING FOR A hotel in the best part of Polk county Oregon A first class business stand in the business section of the town Will be sold at a bargain if taken at once Also 160 acres of land 3 miles from town with house and barn on it Will sell with stock or not as wanted Also 2 lots in the town of Ballston Polk county Or Will be sold at a bargain if taken at once Apply to or address W. H. BARNES Ballston Or 6nd

ROOMS AND BOARD.

PLEASANT FURNISHED ROOMS TO RENT with or without board 188 Second st 6nd

NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS WITH OR without board 188 Second st 6nd

NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS TO RENT at 188 Second st with or without board 6nd

TO LET—ROOMS AND STORES

$10—FOR RENT UNTIL THE MILLARD commodious 11 room house with bath hot and cold water Also 8 room house with board if desired Rent reasonable in exchange Inquire at room 4 203 First st 6nd

FURNISHED ROOM TO RENT AT 86 YAMHILL st 6nd

TO LET—NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS IN suites of two or three rooms at 340 Second st 6nd

FOR RENT—NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS MODERN conveniences by square reasonable 154 Oak near East Park 6nd

FURNISHED AND UNFURNISHED ROOMS for families with fire and gas 8 cor of Third and Montgomery streets 6nd

COMFORTABLE SIZE OF BRICK CENTRAL to business rent $12 per month Inquire at 128 Second st 6nd

FOR RENT—THE FINE BRICK STORE NOW occupied by Portland Savings Bank Possession given December 1st Apply to W. S. LADD

The Oregonian.
MORNING, NOV. 8, 1883.

BRIEF MENTION.

The steamship dock is receiving a new floor.

The net proceeds of the Fete of Nations were $638.

Charles Swanson, 16 years of age, who lost three of his fingers on Tuesday, is doing well.

Geo. H Jones and wife and Rev. Mr. Ladise and wife left on St. Paul Monday for Portland.

Last Monday the Sixteen tunnel was one-fourth done, the last having been perforated from both ends.

The contract for printing and binding the city charter and ordinances was awarded yesterday to S. E. Richards & Co.

The Rev. Thomas Frame of Oakland, Cal. formerly, will conduct the service this evening at the First Presbyterian church.

The case of James Iseman, charged with assaulting Jacob Ludwig with a hatchet, will come up in the state circuit court to-day.

Eastern railroads keep the city thoroughly posted with dodgers and handbills setting forth their various claims to the public patronage.

A large number of land hunters went up the Willamette valley on the east side train yesterday morning, in quest of locations for farming.

Justice Bradwaller had a very severe attack of asthma one night before last, and for a while was dangerously ill. He was able to be up yesterday.

Lewis Anderson, the meek thief, who was sentenced yesterday to three years in the penitentiary for stealing an overcoat from the Burton house.

J. A. Henderson, for many years in the employ of Wells, Fargo & Co. here, has been taken to St. Vincent's hospital for treatment for softening of the brain.

P. W. Severson of East Portland was dismissed from the grand jury yesterday on account of illness. The petit jury took a recess until this morning, when a new juror will be selected.

A drummer, who came over from Victoria a day or two since, reports having met Ad. Bachman there. He was looking well and cultivating a beard, but said he was not feeling well, and intended to start for there for some little time longer. Ere no returned to this city.

The suit brought by J. M. Gilbert in Justice White's court to disconnect Paul Fohr of the premises now occupied by him as a gambling house, judgment was rendered in favor of the plaintiff. A writ of ejectment has been served on Fohr, who has appealed the case to the circuit court.

Complaint is made by several persons living in South Portland, near Marquam's gulch, that during the early morning hours of all descriptions and garbage has been dumped up that gulch and burned, causing a disagreeable smell and much of the smoke that prevailed during the late days of summer.

The investigating committee, consisting of Sears, Chittenden and Honeyman, appointed by the common council, will hold a meeting to-morrow evening. They will reopen the Chapman investigation and take further evidence, and will also take evidence in regard to the charges aget st Adams, at his earnest request.

VIOLATING TEN GAME LAW.

Three Dealers Here Unecently Guilty—The Previsions of the law Quoted.

H. Waldin, Kerron & Manbois, and J. S. Keller were charged in Justice Bybee's court yesterday with having venison in their possession out of season. They claimed that the deer had been sent to them and that they were ignorant of the fact that they were violating the game law by offering them for sale. As soon as notified of this fact they sent the deer back. The case was continued. As the defendants were not knowingly guilty, and it was their first offence, it may be that the case will be dismissed. For the benefit of interested parties the following sections of the game law are given below:

Section 1. Every person who shall, within the state of Oregon between the 1st day of November in each year, and the 1st day of July of the following year, hunt, pursue, take, kill or destroy any male deer or buck, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor. Every person who shall, between the 1st day of January and the 1st day of August, from and after the passage of this act, hunt, pursue, take, kill or destroy any female deer or doe, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor. Every person who, after the passage of this act, shall kill any spotted fawn shall be guilty of a misdemeanor. Every person who, after the passage of this act, shall take, kill or destroy any male or female deer at any time, unless the carcass of such animal is to be preserved by the person slaying it, or is sold or used for food, is guilty of a misdemeanor.

Sec. 2. Every person who buys, sells or has in possession any of the deer enumerated in the preceding section any of the deer enumerated in the preceding section during the time of killing or selling thereof is prohibited, except such as are tamed or kept for show or curiosity, is guilty of a misdemeanor.

The penalty for violation of any of the provisions of this act is a fine of not less than $10 nor more than $200, or imprisonment in the county jail for not less than five days nor more than three months, or by both such imprisonment and fine.

THE COEUR D'ALENE MINES.

Spokane Falls Putting Up Money for a Road to the New Eldorado.

[SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE OF THE OREGONIAN.]

SPOKANE FALLS, Nov. 3.

An enthusiastic meeting was held at Cannonie hall here to-night to consider the question of opening a line of communication with the new Coeur d'Alene gold mines. It was resolved to open a wagon road from the head of navigation on the Coeur d'Alene river to the mines, and $1000 was subscribed on the spot. Work will be commenced immediately. A first-class wagon road is a ready open from here to Coeur d'Alene lake. A steamer is now being built at Coeur d'Alene to ply on the lake and river, a distance of thirty miles, to connect with the road being built, within from twenty to forty miles of the mines. This will be an easy and practicable route.

The great richness of these mines is now established beyond all doubt. Rich quartz veins have recently been discovered on the Coeur d'Alene river. Wonderful discoveries are also recently reported on the St. Joseph river, which also empties into Coeur d'Alene lake. Thousands will flock to these mines in the spring, from all parts.

Spokane Falls will be the center of the principal business and trade of the new mining regions, and bids fair to be the Denver of the northwest.

QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS.

EUGENE CITY, Nov. 5.

To the Editor of the Oregonian:

1. What is the probable amount of mortgaged indebtedness in Oregon?

2. In what counties are the people the most heavily in debt?

3. About how much money is there in circulation in Oregon?

4. If called upon now to pay all mortgages, would there be money enough in the state to do it?

5. Were there such laws as the Oregon mortgage tax law ever passed in other states or territories in the United States?

6. Is there as much money now in circulation in Oregon as before the law was passed? In other words, has the mortgage tax law taken much money from the state? A READER.

ANSWERS.

1. Don't know. 2. Don't know. 3. Don't know. 4. Don't know. 5. Don't know. 6. Don't know.

AMUSEMENTS.

"Taken from Life" continues to draw large houses nightly at New Market.

CHURCH SOCIABLE.

Friday evening, Nov. 9, the ladies of the First Christian Church, this city, will give an entertainment in the church situated on corner of East Park and Columbia. An interesting programme consisting of music, recitations, etc., has been prepared. Refreshments will be served to those desiring them. No pains will be spared to make the evening pleasant and bright to all. Members and friends are cordially invited. Admission fee 10 cents.

ST. CHARLES RESTAURANT.

For sale or to rent, the St. Charles Restaurant. Apply at the St. Charles Restaurant, S. A. Solomon, Proprietor.

Great slaughter at No. 143 Third street, between Morrison and Alder. J. A. Epperson will close out the entire stock of Millinery and Fancy Goods formerly owned by Mrs. S. E. Epperson at cost and loss. Must be closed out before January 1, and no humbug.

The finest place to take a lady for oysters; is at Alsky's, 142 First st.

Oysters four dollars per sack at Keith's.

CITY NOTICES.

Lemons, limes, oranges, dates, figs, nuts and fruits always on hand at Simon's, corner First and Ash sts., wholesale and retail.

Go to Keith's for oysters.

Eastern oysters every steamer at Keith's.

"Dr. Benson's Celery and Chamomile Pills for the cure of Neuralgia are a success."—Dr. G. P. Holman.

Uncle Myers offers unusual inducements this week. $20 or $30 spent with him is a clear gain to the purchaser of 10 per cent. 131 First street.

Choice brands of wines, liquors and cigars at the Cosmopolitan, corner First and Alder.

All kinds of home-made Chewing and Tailies will be made at the Fair by Postoffice Candy Store.

Dr. E. O. Smith, temporarily over Labbe Bros', Second and Washington, until new office is ready.

Take Dr. Lemley's Celery, Beef and Iron while you eat, for health-giving powers to the life of man.

Finest lot Cities fat calf gold fish at Postoffice Candy Store, Multnomah block. Fifth and Morrison.

No sewing machine will work properly unless repaired by Barbey, Vanhill st., bet. First and Second.

For "Madame Rachel's Enamel Bloom" or "Low's Rouge Lace" call on Child & Co. druggists, corner Morrison and Second streets.

The Oregon Loan Office, 76 First st., near Oak, will watches and jewelry at eastern prices and loans money on all kind of collaterals.

$20,000 to loan at Uncle Myers' on merchandise of all descriptions. You can make your own terms at 131 First street.

Effective and harmless Snow Flake, to beautify the complexion. Ladies, use it. Sold only by Child & Co., druggists, Second and Morrison.

Parties at a distance requiring anything in the drug line can have it sent by express by sending it to Child & Co., druggists, corner Morrison and Second streets, Portland.

C. H. Wilcox, 8, W. corner First and Oak, bookseller and stationer, is leading in reasons and periodicals in stock. Subscriptions a specialty. Give him a call.

If you want to borrow money raise your valuables with W. Cabell, the leading pawnbroker, 28 First street, New Market block. He is thoroughly reliable.

Garrison's Bronze Mackerel Store, 187 Third street, Portland, Or., general agent for the two favorites, the White and Horsehead; dealer in all standard sewing machines, all needles, attachments and genuine parts. Machines examined and warranted.

L. B. MASDON

Has removed his stables to the corner of Third and Stephens sts. The finest saddle horses in well known to have the finest in town, carriages, hack, transit saddle horses, etc., to let on reasonable terms. Mr. Masdon is also very reasonable in his charges.

ARE YOU GOING EAST?

If so, please remember that the Royal Route, Oregon and Northwestern Railway is the great short line between St. Paul and Chicago—running the finest sleeping cars; the dining cars are unsurpassed by steamboats; and in fact the route between the Pacific coast and Chicago and between Omaha and Chicago is acknowledged the best route for all points east. Ask A. D. Maxwell, ticket agent foot of Ash street, for your tickets via this route.

J. M. DAVIES, General Agent, San Francisco.
W. H. MEAD, Traveling Pass. Ag't, Portland, O.

THE CITY COUNCIL.

Chief Watkinds Regales the Members with a Pronunciamento.

HEROANS DESSER—DIFFERS WITH JUDGE DEADY.

His Lying Charge of Bribery—Honeyman Wants to Know Why Chief Williams, the Gallant, Went to Texas—Regular Routine Business.

Owing to a large amount of unfinished business in the committees rooms the council was not called to order until several minutes after the appointed hour—7:30. At roll-call all the councilmen were present, except Judge Adams.

Reading of the minutes were begun, but on motion of Councilman Sears were dispensed with, being considered read and adopted.

Petitions, Remonstrances, &c.,

AGAINST IMPROVEMENT OF COLLEGE STREET.

The following remonstrance from Matthew Havenport, by his attorney, John Catlin, was read by the secretary, and, upon motion of Councilman Sears, was referred to the committee on streets and public property.

To the mayor and common council of the city of Portland: Whereas, notice is given that the common council of the city of Portland proposes to improve College street between Second and Third streets, your petitioner respectfully represents that he is the owner of block No. 138, which lies on the east side of Third street, and east of the east line of College street, and block 139, that lies to the west of College street and north of Third street; no street was ever laid out or dedicated through said block 138 by the owner thereof; nor has the city ever opened a street through said block. Stephen C. Ellis made and filed a map showing streets and blocks on his donation land claim, which map is of record in the county clerk's office of this county, and now shows that the east end of College street is the west line of Third street. Ellis, the donee of private land claim, never dedicated the said College street, nor has the city ever opened the same. Therefore your petitioner protests against the improvement of said College street as the same is proposed to be improved by the common council, and prays that the common council will not proceed further in the same matter.

STREET LIGHTS WANTED.

B. F. Robbins, L. W. Lewis, J. A. Buck, M. A. Lane, Casper Becker, E. J. Bacon and William Koehler ask the council to have a street lamp placed at the southwest corner of Delaunia and West Park streets, believing the same to be a necessity under existing circumstances. Upon motion of Honeyman the petition was granted.

A. Waterford, Jacob Ed. Seligman, Julia Condon, Wm. Waterford, A. N. King and W. C. Noon petition for the erection of a lamp on the southwest corner of E. and Eleventh streets, representing that it is needed badly. Councilman Sears moved the said petition be referred to the committee on streets. Gerdes moved that the petition be granted, and this last was carried.

C. B. Cardinell, Chas. Cardinell, Henry Schetland, Rev. D. Ross, Wilbur Garwood and J. R. Nole ask for a lamp to be placed at the corner of Tenth and College streets. Upon motion of Smith, the petition was granted.

CONGRATULATIONS ARE FURTHER TIMELY.

Messrs. Aspland & Dill, who have the contract for improving M street, between North Tenth and North Eleventh, presented a petition asking that the council to grant them an extension of sixty days' time in which to complete the work. The reason given for the request was that weather and the amount of work in connection therewith. Referred to the committee on streets.

The contractor upon N street also asked an extension of time until Jan. 1, 1884. Their petition was also referred to the committee on streets.

THIRD STREET RAILWAY.

The following petition from the Transcontinental Street Railway Company, a corporation organized under the laws of the state of Oregon, was presented and read:

To the mayor and common council of the city of Portland: Your petitioners, the Transcontinental Street Railway Company, a corporation organized under the laws of the state of Oregon, respectfully represent your honorable body to amend, alter or repeal or amend the ordinance entitled "An ordinance authorizing the Transcontinental street Railway Company to lay down its railway tracks in the streets of the city of Portland," which passed the common council on the 26th day of December, 1882, and was approved by the mayor December 29, 1882, so as to allow and authorize it to discontinue the construction of its railway and railway tracks running south on South Third street in the city of Portland, at the north line of Caruthers street, until the council shall hereafter require it to build its said railway and tracks from said north line of Caruthers street to the south line of Sheridan street by giving six months' notice thereof, and to so extend the time for construction thereof. Referred to the committee on streets.

PETITION SECURED BY TAILORS.

Messrs. G. Selinger, W. J. Quinn, M. Stefen, P. G Gaudon, J. Bernstein, D. J. Levy, Marks, Rybke & Co., and W. C. Dryden, merchant tailors, resident in the city of Portland, present a petition for an ordinance that will protect themselves and the manufacture of clothing in the city by requiring a liberal license fee to be paid by all peddlers and other persons who shall hereafter sell, bargain or solicit orders for the sale of clothing within the city of Portland, which said clothing shall not be manufactured out of said city. Upon motion of Gerdes the petition was referred to the committee on license.

IMPROVEMENT OF NORTH TWELFTH STREET.

J. L. Atkinson & Co., Eugene Periot, Mrs. C. O. Hafner, Mrs. J. M. C. Peter, the Portland Gas Light Company and Mrs. E. T. Wemme present a remonstrance against the proposed improvement of North Twelfth street, from the north line of E street to the south line of Grant street, by grading the roadbed and gravel, constructing a brick culvert for Tanner creek, and constructing box gutters and by laying side walks and crosswalks. Referred to the committee on streets.

EXPOSING TO STONE BLOCK PAVEMENT.

A long list of the names of property owners—over two-thirds of the whole number—living on First street, between the center line of Alder street and the south line of Salmon street, were signed to a remonstrance which was presented to the clerk, requesting the disapproval at the proposed improvement of that section of street by laying stone block pavement and stone crosswalks. The petitioners to the remonstrance also said that when the street is improved they would prefer to have it done by laying Nicholson pavement. Upon motion of Councilman Sears the remonstrance was referred to the committee on streets.

IMPROVEMENT OF TAYLOR STREET.

Mrs. J. F. McKay, Mary G. Rogers, Kate H. Albright, Lewis Van Vleet, E. S. John and the trustees of the First Methodist Episcopal church, remonstrate against the proposed improvement of Taylor street from the center line of Tenth street to the west line of Twelfth street, by macadamizing the roadway full width, with stone gutters at the intersections, and by constructing ride walks and crosswalks, and doing the necessary grading therefor. Upon motion of Councilman Adams, the petition was referred to the committee on streets.

Reports.

From the committee on fire and water, recommending the purchase of Wm. Wascher by bak. Adopted.

From the committee on streets, recommending the improvement of Water street. Adopted.

From the same committee, recommending the passage of the ordinance establishing a new gas company.

From the same committee, recommending the passage of the ordinance authorizing the extension and alteration of the building on lots 4 and block 10, owned by L. Kachenberger.

From the committee on judiciary, reporting favorably on the petition of T. J. Buss to refund a fine of $22 20 for taxes and costs wrongfully assessed against him. Adopted.

From the committee on landings and wharves, recommending that the petition of the Milton city Iron Works and the Portland Gas Company for permission to extend their wharves to the established inland line be granted. Adopted.

From the viewers of the proposed extension of North Front street from Watson's addition to Decher's tract. Referred to the committee on streets.

From the viewers in the matter of the proposed lateral extension of Second street from Kamhill to Taylor. Referred to the committee on streets.

CHIEF WATKINDS' UNSEEMLY.

On taking charge of the office of chief of police my predecessor refused to turn over to me property belonging to and in charge of the department. Many persons have come to the office inquiring for property claimed to have been left with him and in his care which could not be found. I call your attention to this connection, to the case of J. J. Fagan of this city. Attached to this paper will be found letters and newspaper reports, together with an inventory of property claimed, which point significantly to past official "monkeshines" in the office.

Resolved, That the auditor and clerk give notice that the common council of the city of Portland proposes to change the grade of South Front street between the center line of Caruthers street and the center line of Porter street, as follows: At the center line of Caruthers, no change; at the south line of Caruthers street, from 106.5 to 106 feet; at Sheridan street, from 90 feet, cut; at Williams street, from 103.6 to 106 feet; at Meade street, from 127 feet to 122 feet, above the datum of city grades; and at the center of Porter street no change; provided that the grade shall conform in a straight line between the points of elevation above named. Adopted.

Resolved, That notice be given that the common council of the city of Portland proposes to improve the intersection of North Front and North Twelfth street from the south line of B street to the center line of N street by laying sidewalks, crosswalks and box gutters, by bridging Tanner's gulch and by macadamizing the roadway full width, with stone gutters on the intersections, and doing the necessary grading therefor. Adopted.

Resolved, That notice be given that the common council of the city of Portland proposes to improve the intersection of North Front and Lovejoy streets, by laying sidewalks, crosswalks and box gutters, and by macadamizing the roadway full width, with stone gutters at the intersections, and doing the necessary grading therefor. Adopted.

Resolved, That the resolution heretofore passed, authorizing notice to be given of the proposed improvement of Taylor street from Tenth street to the west line of Twelfth street, be rescinded. Adopted.

Resolved, That notice be given that the common council of the city of Portland proposes to improve Front street from the north line of Market street to the north line of Harrison street, by laying stone crosswalks, to consist of three rows of stones with plank upper surfaces, not less than fifteen inches wide. Adopted.

Resolved, That notice be given that the common council of the city of Portland proposes to improve First street, from the center line of Alder street to the center line of Salmon street, by laying Nicholson pavement and stone crosswalks. Adopted.

Resolved, That notice be given that the common council of the city of Portland proposes to improve First street, from the north line of F street to the center line of Alder street, by laying stone crosswalks, to consist of three rows of stones with plank upper surfaces, not less than fifteen inches wide. Adopted.

Resolved, That notice be given that the common council of the city of Portland proposes to improve First street, from the center line of Alder street to the center line of Salmon street, by laying Nicholson pavement and stone crosswalks. Adopted.

Resolved, That notice be given that the common council of the city of Portland proposes to improve Front street, from the north line of Market street to the south line of Harrison street, by macadamizing the roadway full width, with stone gutters at the intersections, and by constructing ride walks and crosswalks, consisting of three rows of stones with plank upper surfaces, not less than fifteen inches wide. Adopted.

Resolved, That notice be given that the common council of the city of Portland proposes to improve Front street, from the south line of Market street to the north line of Harrison street, by macadamizing the roadway full width, with stone gutters at the intersections, and by constructing ride walks and crosswalks. Adopted.

Resolved, That notice be given that the common council of the city of Portland proposes to improve Front street, from the south line of Market street to the north line of Harrison street, by laying stone crosswalks, to consist of three rows of stones, with plank upper surfaces, not less than fifteen inches wide. Adopted.

Resolved, That notice be given that the common council of the city of Portland proposes to improve Front street, from the south line of Market street to the north line of Harrison street, by laying stone crosswalks, to consist of three rows of stones

The Daily Oregonian.

TUESDAY MORNING, NOV. 8, 1881.

AGAINST CLASSICAL STUDIES.

COTTAGE GROVE, Nov. 4.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE OREGONIAN:

Will you please admit a short reply to "A Plea for Classical Studies," by "W. W. K.," in issue of 2d instant? Homer may sleep, but I shall not intimate that the "editor nods" because he publishes both sides of a question. It is the best evidence that he wakes. Nodding people are "pitied" by having a train of new thoughts sent across their dreaming minds.

Is one, then, to be classed with the "uncivilized vulgar" because he chooses to designate certain languages as "dead" rather than "classic"? The term classic means first of rank, and includes, without modification, Milton, Shakespeare, Addison, etc. Is "W. W. K." in education so "polite" that we can afford to ignore the English classics? As a teacher of many years' experience I have, unencouraged the study of etymology, or philology, as during Swinton's "Word Analysis," and other similar works, that pupils may become familiar with the origin of English words, and I cannot overestimate my appreciation of it as an educational aid—practical as the genius of progress that stamps this living age. They learn in a few minutes that *spirare* is a Latin infinitive, meaning to breathe, and con, together; per, through, and trans, through or across. Hence, conspire, to plot or breathe evil purposes together; perspire, to breathe through the pores, to sweat, and transpire, to become known, with a drifting tendency to appreciate the word happen. Thus they learn in the most practical of lessons, that these are not so opaque Homer to learn what a word of Latin origin means but present usage. There is nothing that teaches the structure of language but a knowledge of present living authors. This anyone may acquire without being able to read a line of sleeping Homer. I venture to affirm that W. W. K. knows the meaning of the word dance (no chinese meant), but I doubt whether he knows that it is from *Dans* Saxon, whose teaching fell into disrepute. Can we not say "good-bye" with proper emotion without knowing that it was once "God be with you!" The study of the ancient classics as instruments of thought has failed, even as an discipline. One sentence from W. W. K., as example:

"So every child may behold the spirit of money rising before us."

This may be the way Cicero or Plato would express it, but "accuracy of expression," according to modern models, would have it different. This self-assumed "politeness" and "elegance" that attaches to those who wear strange tongues, has been a very mill-stone to the work of true progress on education. The English language is the Mississippi of all languages. It is the ever widening and deepening channel where flows the rushing floods of modern thought and feeling. Along its banks stretch the fields of every science, blossoming with infinite fruit. There is the field of botany, with its file, beauty and varied language. Isn't it wonderful that a "bud" is a "bird's nest"? Here is the field of geology; let us turn over the stony leaves and read the wonderful history of the earth. Here is the spectroscope; it has news from the stars. The sea and land are sacred in all its vast depths but it is written here. Th s is where Humboldt and Agassiz spent their lives; here are the labors of Spencer, Darwin and Tyndall. Is this world of information written in Latin or Greek? Not a word of it. Latin and Greek are to the linguist what fossil bones are to the naturalist—interesting by comparison. Many persons regret that they spec three or four of the best years of their lives acquiring a proficiency in the ancient classics to the exclusion of the natural sciences. All our institutions of learning offer a scientific course as distinguished from the classical, to satisfy the growing demand for knowledge. Words are nothing but nuts that have fallen from the tree of human experience—the thought contained is everything. If one were a botanist, or a watchmaker, in Switzerland, he would be a pigmy beside a modern school boy. Will a knowledge of the Greek allay the desire for gain? Then the study would fill the land with burglars. Will it redeem the vicious? They will not study anything. In the name of practical intelligence, I ask why not introduce a treatise on "Natural Science" and something in the way of natural science into our schools? Physiology is ignored by our state board of education. One would think from their neglect for examination that they had a contract for measuring the temple of science. Shall we have no golden keys to unlock its wonderful doors? Well, if W. W. K. will have it stored with the fossil language of an age barren of scientific thought it matters little whether the doors be opened or not. I desire to record my conscientious protest against the study of Latin and Greek, as recommended by W. W. K. Our schools are starving for the real food of information. The multitudes have been fed on husks long enough. The harvest of science is in ripe. The English language is the modern reaping machine. All power, honor and elegance belongs to it.

J. E. KENDALL.

THE EAST SIDE.

DEED

J. C. Flood, who resides on E and Fifth streets in this city, had occasion to visit Portland on Saturday evening last, and, before recrossing the river, took a nip of whisky to keep the cold out. On reaching home he was seized with convulsions, attended by violent burning pains in the stomach and a dry throat. Dr. C. B. Smith was immediately summoned, and found it to be a case of arsenic poisoning. The proper antidotes were administered, but the patient continued to endure much suffering till Sunday evening, when the effects of the doctor terminated successfully. Mr. Flood is not habituated to drink, and indulged on the present occasion for healthful purposes. The saloon at which he was dosed could not be learned.

PERSONAL.

Councilman Kinder has returned from a visit to his parents at Nacine, Wis., after an absence of seven weeks. He lastly settled the municipal difficulty, returning the morning after it had been satisfactorily settled. He will resume his official position with added weight, having brought back with him several pounds during his absence. That his interest in the peace and welfare of the city did not flag during his absence is shown by his bringing back with him a substantial hickory peace-preserver, appropriately inscribed "Let us have peace," and which he presented to the police force for the purposes intended. Though enjoying his trip, he is glad to get back.

HOUSE.

The election of E. M. Sanders as mayor is another republican victory.

M. C. Athey, an attorney, formerly of Oregon City, has located in this city with an office in the Bronsma & Beamer ville block.

The council chamber was lighted with gas for the first time Monday evening. The globes used bear illustrations of the mask and peaceful lamb, and were furnished under the direction of the city marshal. The lights are very pretty, and that officer is evidently facetiously inclined.

T. F. Garrison was arrested on a warrant issued by Justice Sullock yesterday for stealing an overcoat valued at $30, the property of E. Tibbets. The coat was taken from the ferry pontoon while the owner was engaged at work underneath. The arrest followed the officers' visit to the residence of all the suspected parties, and coat him 50 cents in the county jail for twelve and a half days.

The complete arrangements made for the entertainment and ball by Fidelity Lodge, A. O. U. W., at Seppenfield's Opera House, Thursday evening of next week, insure an enjoyment both for the head and heels. An excellent literary and musical programme has been prepared, which will be executed by artists of well known merit, after which the floor will be cleared for the accommodation of dancers, for whose benefit the services of Professor Varney and band have been secured.

Sixteen prisoners are still needed for the elevated roadway on Water street, and its completion will be further delayed in consequence. Mr. Spote will proceed to secure such delays. The elevated roadways on D street by taking means to have all those furnished on time. He has the contracts for piling and trestle work, and will be severely exposed if the next end of that between Sixth and Eighth streets, which was awarded to Miller & Son at a figure which cannot give them much margin of profit, if any.

INCOMING PASSENGERS.

The steamship State of California, which sailed at 10 A. M., brings the following passengers for Portland:

W L Donaldson	W J Rhineland
Mrs S J Rhineland	E Rothenhill
J Alexander	Mrs D Richardson
Miss Richardson	Henry Burleson
A F Mate & wf	G G Robertson & wf
Mrs C O Drew	E E Watkins
J M Hamill	Mrs E Hamill & wf
G F Woodbury	A C Smith
F T Farrell	K Yerman
Miss Longwin	H H Woods
J Wasco	J Connor, wf & 2 chn
Mrs H Freshey	Mrs McDonald
H Myer & wf	J C Webb
S L Sloss	Mrs Webb
W T Pridham	2 children
M Kaus	A P O'Leno
F W Miller	Mrs Miller
W H Northover	A Nicoli & wf
Miss S H Cullis & dtr	W H Hope
H C Bull	L Matthews
J Gordon	L Page
Miss E M Griffin	Miss T Jackson
R B Winter	Miss E Tyson
Miss Ali Ritchie	Mrs Thomas & wf
B Schmidt & wf	D D Ragsac
Two Chinamen	J W Smith & wife
J Cornwall	H W Fenton
J Burns & wife	G W Henderson
W L Hanlon	W Dow
Mrs M F Renshaw	Miss V Trapp
B J Dustech	Miss B Barrow
H Sims	S Levy
W Yates	S Louis
S H Willey	

ANOTHER THING.—Is there a person living who ever saw a case of sallow skin, nervousness, or nervousness, or any disease of the stomach, liver or kidneys that Hop Bitters will not cure?

In the Wrong Pulpit.

A good and true story is going the rounds of Boston about the advertisement of a worthy Congregational pastor, who ministers in a suburban church. He had agreed to supply a Roxbury pulpit for an absent brother. He came into Boston, and promptly took a Highland car for the scene of his evening's labor. In due time he descried a steeple, and reaching the church, got out, walked in, took off his coat in the vestry and went straight to the pulpit. He glanced around for the congregation, and, precs dod, after a minute or two's delay, to give out a good old standard Congregational hymn. The congregation proceeded to find the place, the organ gave the tune and the singing began. While it was in progress, the sexton walked up the pulpit stairs and said so one unbeknown first:

"Mr. —— will be here in a few minutes."

The situation flashed upon him, but suppressing his emotion he asked:

"Why, isn't this My ——'s church?"

"No sir," calmly, replied the sexton, "this is the Congregational church."

Then, was an exchange of places a few minutes later. The friends of the suburban minister are now fond of asking him how he came to enter the University of Missionary. He laughs and solaces himself with the fact that he can sing a good orthodox hymn when he has to.

ADVERTISEMENT.—Dr. Pierce, M. D., Buffalo, says: "Many persons derive from Kidney-Wort the most benefit."

TRADE AND COMMERCE.

WEDNESDAY, Nov. 7.

Showery weather has made the day an unpleasant one for out-door work. The Idaho received Alaska freight today and takes a large cargo. The Oregon carried one car of lard oil and one car of barbed wire to San Francisco. Both lots were received here by rail, the lard oil coming from Kansas City.

A private dispatch from San Francisco says John E. Lombard has been appointed port surveyor at this city for the San Francisco Board of Underwriters. Capt. Lombard located here a few months ago, coming from New York, and is said to possess large experience. Capt. J. W. McAllep is the accredited surveyor for the board for Puget Sound. This appointment does not refer to Veritas, Lloyds or the Record classifications of vessels for which Capt. N. Ingersoll is agent.

FREIGHTS—Possibly an improved tone is manifested, and it is claimed the last rate cannot be duplicated. Two large wool on at San Francisco have secured 35s 9d, U. K., Havre or Antwerp, which is an improvement over last week. There are now in port 25,672 registered tons engaged, and 14,167 disengaged.

WHEAT—While spot quotations are not materially changed, yet a slight advance could be had over yesterday for round lots. A few large sales have been made, but the exact figure is hard to obtain. Seven hundred tons eastern brought a figure equal to $1 07½ free on board, or $1 05 on wharf, but this cannot be had for ordinary sized parcels, they not being quoted over $1 03½. For valley $1 10 and even a shade advance is possible for desirable lots, but little or no business is little doing. Our market steadily keeps above a parity with the English market, owing to existing competition and urgent needs in two or three directions. Whether this competition is exhausted on the filling of these needs, remains altogether with foreign markets. A continuation for a short time of the present buying will fill the needs of shippers, and they will be in position to hold off. For this reason the market may be said to be in a condition not altogether healthy to extreme future values, and interior operators must work with extreme caution. Beerbohm reports a firm and hardening market to-day, with small arrivals of coast.

FLOUR—Market firm at full prices. Export movement not so large, but there is a good call for shipments north.

OATS—Receipts almost *nil* yesterday, but new consignments are en route. The receipt of 18,000 ctls aboard ship; floors 12,000 ⅛ sks; oats 19,500 ctls; potatoes 2300 sks; eggs 6300 doz.

Freights—Market dull. Chartered—For Cork, U. K., Havre or Antwerp, 4m sh R. R. Thomas, 1323 tons, 35s 9d, and 4m sh W. H. Conner, 1424 tons, 36s 9d; for Cork, f. o. p., prior to arrival, 4m sh La Mirc, 1297 tons, 35s 6d; Br sh Chieftain, wood, 893, prior to arrival, 35s. The bk John Worster loads lumber for Sydney, p. p.

Wheat—Market dull. Chartered—For